Emergency Preparedness in Germany in Perspective of Transboundary Issues

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Prepared for:

Table Ronde ACN2 France

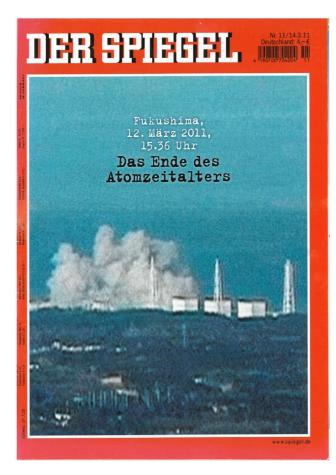
Metz, 21 June 2016



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Situation in Germany

- Nuclear Energy Phase Out Accelerated as a political consequence of Fukushima Dai-ichi Accident
- No more operating power reactors in 2023, leaving foreign NPP accidents and non NPP scenarios as remaining risk
- High public concern about radiactivity and ionising radiation in Germany in general
- Implementation of the EU BSS initiated a complete revision of Emergency Management in Germany





NPPs close to the German Border

- Less than 5 km:
 Leibstadt (CH)
 Fessenheim (F)
- Less than 20 km:
 Beznau (CH)
 Cattenom

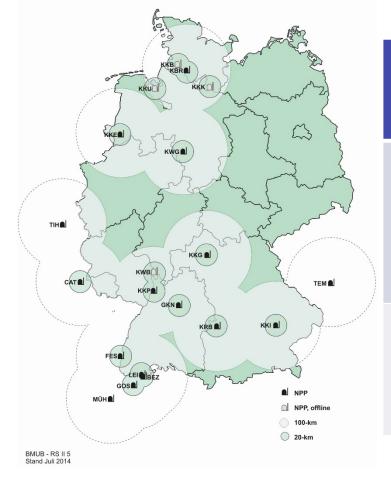
Emsland (D) Philippsburg (D) (F)





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100km planning zones for foreign (and domestic) NP



Forgeign NPPs within planning zones Evacuation Fessenheim (F) Leibstadt (CH) Sheltering ITB Betznau (CH) Gösgen (CH) Cattenom (F) Only ITB and Tihange (B) Sheltering Temelin (CZ) Mühleberg (CH)



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Basis for decisions on countermeasures: Intervention levels

Counter-measure	Reference Levels			
	Dose to thyroid	Effective Dose	Exposure Pathways and Time of Integration	
Sheltering		10 mSv	Sum of external dose rate und inhalation dose integrated over 7 days	
Intake of lodine tablets	50 mSv Children until 18 years, pregnant woman, 250 mSv adults		Equivalent dose to inhalation of radioiodine inhaled within 7 days	
Evacuation		100 mSv	External dose integrated over 7 days	



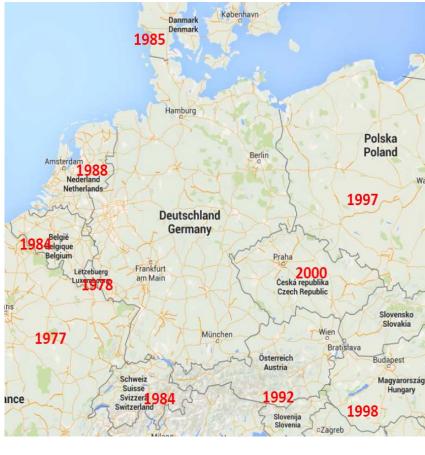
NPP emergency planning zones

Zone	Countermeasure	Old radius for NPP	New radius for NPP
Central Zone	Evacuation within 6h *)	2 km	5 km
Middle Zone	Evacuation within 24h *)	10 km	20 km
Outer Zone	lodine Blocking (all < 45y) Sheltering	25 km	100 km
Remaining national territory	Iodine Blocking for Children <18y and Pregnant Women		
	*) sheltering and ITB also apply		



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Bilateral Agreements of Germany in the Nuclear Field and in the Area of Radiation Protection





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Bilateral Commissions and Working Groups

Franco-German Commission (DFK)



Working Group 2 "Emergency Preparedness & Response" Working Group 3 "Radiation protection"

Ad-hoc Sub-Working Group with the mandate "Status and further development of Franco-German data exchange"

German-Swiss Commission (DSK)



Working Group 2 "Emergency Preparedness & Response" Working Group 3 "Radiation protection"

(Joint) Sub-Working Group "Data and information exchange"

Dutch-German Commission (NDKK)

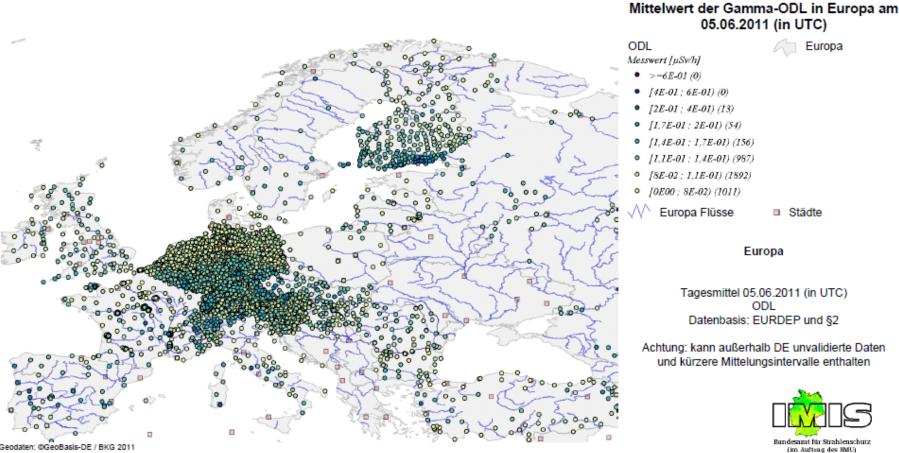


Working Group 2 "Emergency Preparedness & Response"

Sub-Working Group with the mandate "Information exchange and communication including arrangements with other countries and the European Commission".



EURDEP Network access to data for all contributors

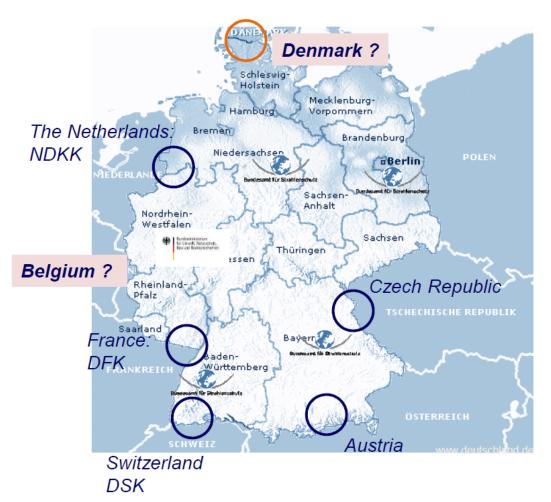


aopzdb / 06.06.2011 15:30 (In ges. Zelt)

Bundesamt für Strahlenschutz

DGeoBasis-DE / BKG 2011

Bilateral Data- and Information Exchange



The Netherlands: Dutch-German Commission (NDKK)

France: Franco-German Commission (DFK)

Switzerland: German-Swiss Commission (DSK)

Austria:

bilateral exchange of gamma dose rate operational

Czech Republic: No bilateral procedures, data exchange via EURDEP

Denmark:

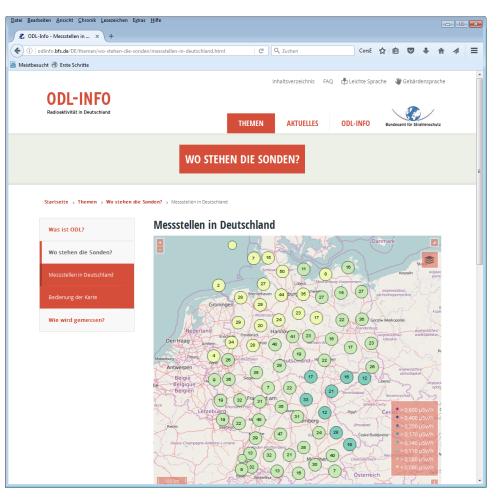
bilateral exchange of gamma dose rate in test run, co-operation desired



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Public information of dose rate data

odlinfo.bfs.de

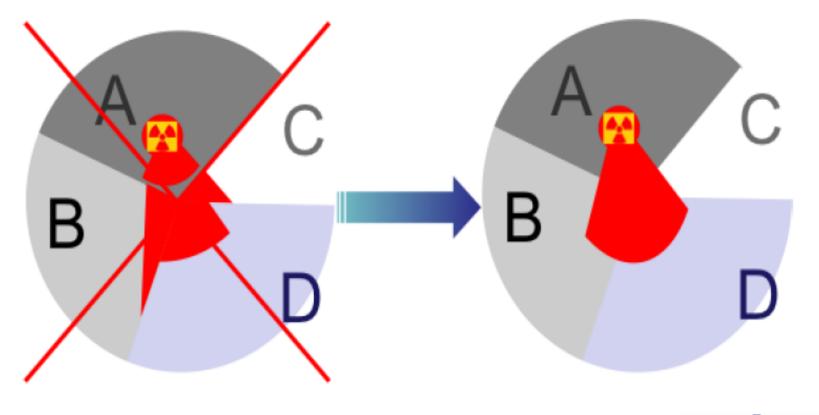




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HERCA/WENRA Aproach

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Conclusions

- Germany phasing out nuclear energy, last shutdown in 2022
- High public concern on radioation risk from neighbouring NPPs
- Transborder data exchange and transparency essential for EP&R

